The survey identifies eight police officers killed and nine wounded by assault weapons during this 5-month period. It documents 20 separate incidents in which at least 43 law enforcement officers were confronted by assailants armed with assault weapons. This figure only includes incidents where these weapons posed an imminent threat to the officers, not incidents where assault weapons were found on suspects or confiscated during the course of an investigation or arrest. Twelve of the 20 incidents involved AK-47 assault rifles or TEC-9 assault pistols, both of which are explicitly banned by the Federal legislation. The study finds that at least 1 in 10 law enforcement officers killed in the line of duty will be felled by assault weapons.

I urge my colleagues to read this report, and seriously consider the public safety and public policy issues involved in this issue. We should heed the voices of the many law enforcement groups which strongly support the ban. We should not repeal the assault weapon ban before it is given chance to make a difference. •

CONGRESSIONAL AWARD ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1995

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 193, S. 1267. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The

clerk will report.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1267) to amend the Congressional Award Act to revise and extend authorities for the Congressional Award Board.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be deemed read a third time, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the bill (S. 1267) was deemed read the third time and passed, as follows:

S. 1267

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Congressional Award Act Amendments of 1995"

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENTS REGARD-ING FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF CONGRESSIONAL AWARD PROGRAM; NONCOMPLIANCE WITH REQUIRE-MENTS.

Section 5(c)(2)(A) of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 804(c)(2)(A)) is amended by striking "and 1994" and inserting "1994, 1995, 1996, and 1997"

SEC. 3. TERMINATION.

Section 9 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 808) is amended by striking "October 1, 1995" and inserting "October 1, 1998".

WEEK WITHOUT VIOLENCE

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from further consideration of Senate Resolution 180, a resolution designating October 15-21, 1995 as the "Week Without Violence": that the Senate then proceed to its immediate consideration; that the resolution and preamble be agreed to, en bloc; that the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table; and that any statements relating thereto appear in the RECORD at the appropriate place.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

So the resolution (S. Res. 180) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follows:

S. RES. 180

Whereas the Week Without Violence, a public-awareness campaign designed to inspire alternatives to the problem of violence in our society, falls on October 15, 1995, through October 21, 1995:

Whereas the prevalence of violence in our society has become increasingly disturbing. as reflected by the fact that 2,000,000 people are injured each year as a result of violent crime, with a staggering 24,500 reported murders in 1993 and with losses from medical expenses, lost pay, property, and other crimerelated costs totaling billions of dollars each

Whereas studies show that violence against women in their own homes causes more total injuries to women than rape, muggings, and car accidents combined and that one-half of all women who are murdered in the United States are killed by their male partners;

Whereas violence has invaded our homes and communities and is exacting a terrible toll on our country's youth;

Whereas children below the age of 12 are the victims of 1 in 4 violent juvenile victimizations reported to law enforcement, adding up to roughly 600,000 violent incidents involving children under the age of 12 each

Whereas studies show that childhood abuse and neglect increases a child's odds of future delinguency and adult criminality and that today's juvenile victims are tomorrow's repeat offenders:

Whereas the risk of violent victimization of children and young adults has increased in recent years:

Whereas according to FBI statistics, on a typical day in 1992, 7 juveniles were murdered:

Whereas from 1985 to 1992, nearly 17,000 persons under the age of 18 were murdered;

Whereas the YWCA, as the oldest women's membership movement in the United States, continues its long history as an advocate for women's rights, racial justice, and non-violent approaches to resolving many of society's most troubling problems;

Whereas the chapters of the YWCA provide a wide range of valuable programs for women all across the country, including job training programs, child care, battered women's shelters, support programs for victims of rape and sexual assault, and legal advocacy;

Whereas the YWCA Week Without Violence campaign will take an active approach to confront the problem of violence head-on, with a grassroots effort to prevent violence from making further inroads into our schools, community organizations, workplaces, neighborhoods, and homes;

Whereas the Week Without Violence will provide a forum for examining viable solu-

tions for keeping violence against women, men, and children out of our homes and communities:

Whereas national and local groups will inspire and educate our communities about effective alternatives to violence; and

Whereas the YWCA Week Without Violence is both a challenge and a clarion call to all Americans: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate encourages all Americans to spend 7 days without committing, condoning, or contributing to violence and proclaims the week of October 15, 1995, through October 21, 1995, as the "Week Without Violence"

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I am pleased to rise today to support passage of Senate Resolution 180, declaring next week the "Week Without Violence." This week is part of what I hope will be a tremendous public awareness campaign to educate Americans about the threat of violence in our society and to offer alternatives to this grave problem.

None of us is immune from the violence in our communities. In rural and urban areas across this country, men, women, and children are at risk. They are at risk not just on the streets, but all too often in their homes or in their

I enthusiastically join Senator BRAD-LEY and others in supporting this resolution; it calls on Americans to spend a week without committing, condoning, ignoring, or contributing to violence.

Teaching people that violence is not acceptable and educating victims of violence to seek out protection will save lives. The issue of violence deserves national attention and demands community involvement. I hope and believe that the focus of the "Week Without Violence" will be a small but significant step in decreasing the scourge of violence in our society.

RYAN WHITE CARE REAUTHORIZA-TION ACT of 1995-MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President. I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives on S. 641, a bill to reauthorize the Ryan White CARE Act of 1990, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 641) entitled "An Act to reauthorize the Ryan White CARE Act of 1990, and for other purposes", do pass with the following amendments:

Strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Ryan White CARE Act Amendments of 1995".

SEC. 2. REFERENCES.

Whenever in this Act an amendment is expressed in terms of an amendment to a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to that section or other provision of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).